#### **Equality Impact Assessment**

### **Section 1: Identifying details**

Your function, service area and team: Housing Property and Development

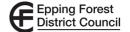
If you are submitting this EqIA on behalf of another function, service area or team, specify the originating function, service area or team:

Title of policy or decision: Council House Building

Officer completing the EqIA: Mary Masterson Tel: X2132 Email: mmasterson@eppingforestdc.gov.uk

Date of completing the assessment: 15/01/18

| Jec | tion 2: Policy to be analysed  |
|-----|--|
| 2.1 | Is this a new policy (or decision) or a change to an existing policy, practice or project?   |
|     | This is linked to an existing agreed programme of works. The wider Equality Impact Assessment for Housing Repairs and Maintenance (incorporating Council house-building programme and work to Void Properties) covers this project.  |
| 2.2 | Describe the main aims, objectives and purpose of the policy (or decision):  |
|     | EFDC undertakes responsive repairs to all of its 6,500 Council homes, undertakes works to around 300 void properties per annum making properties ready for re-letting and has a planned maintenance programme over a 30-year business plan cycle that aims to renew around 3,300 key components per annum. EFDC also plans to build 300 new affordable homes over the next 10 years. |
|     | What outcome(s) are you hoping to achieve (ie decommissioning or commissioning a service)?   |
|     | That all Council homes meet the "Decent Homes Standard".   |
|     | The Council House-building (CHB) programme aims to provide well-designed, quality homes that are affordable, sustainable and suitable for the needs of people across all protected groups.   |
|     | This assessment intends to fully evaluate the effect the programme could have on protected groups, and therefore aims to give an overview of the actual and potential impacts of actions set out within the programme.   |
|     | This assessment will continually evolve as the programmes of work progress   |
| 2.3 | Does or will the policy or decision affect: <ul> <li>service users</li> <li>employees</li> <li>the wider community or groups of people, particularly where there are areas of</li> </ul>   |
|     | known inequalities?  |
|     | All of the above   |
|     | Will the policy or decision influence how organisations operate?   |
|     | No   |
| 2.4 | Will the policy or decision involve substantial changes in resources?  |
|     | No   |



2.5 Is this policy or decision associated with any of the Council's other policies and how, if applicable, does the proposed policy support corporate outcomes?

The delivery of new affordable housing is part of a wider Corporate objectives namely to deliver new homes to meet the needs of local people while also supporting economic development; and design and building our services around the needs of our ageing population and residents living in deprivation.

## Section 3: Evidence/data about the user population and consultation<sup>1</sup>

As a minimum you must consider what is known about the population likely to be affected which will support your understanding of the impact of the policy, eg service uptake/usage, customer satisfaction surveys, staffing data, performance data, research information (national, regional and local data sources).

#### 3.0 Reference Material

| Age  Gender reassignm Pregnancy maternity Race Race Race orientation other |
|--|
|--|

| Age  |   |
|--|---|
| Appendix ref.001  – NOMIS Data  Appendix ref.002  – ONS Data: Population | Age       %       Age       %       Age         0-4       5.9% (7366)       15       1.2% (1519)       25-29       5.3% (6624)       65-74       9.2% (11464)   |
| Appendix ref.003  – ONS Data: Homelessness                               | Homeless (Statutory) 2017 Total as of 31 March 2017 (all age ranges) 116 - Temporary accommodation 31 - B&B 45 - Hostel 40 - Other The attached ONS of 2011 showed the following: - 47 - Temporary accommodation 5 - B&B 32 - Hostel 10 - Other |

#### Appendix ref.004 – EFDC HRA Business Plan 2016/7

Within the Housing Service the ratio of staff is: -

- Over 70% are over 45 years of age
- 10% are under 35 years of age
- Pg 11 Para 19 EFDC Council Housing Services compares the protected characteristics of those people who we have housed with those people on the Housing Register. This exercise showed that generally the 'protected characteristics' of housing applicants and those that have been given council accommodation are similar. No amendments to the Housing Allocations Scheme have been necessary to avoid discrimination.

#### Residents consultations -

Appendix ref.005 – EFDC Planning EFDC Statement of Community Involvement

Appendix ref.006 - EFDC Neighbour Consult Template letter

Appendix ref.007 - EFDC Making your views known leaflet

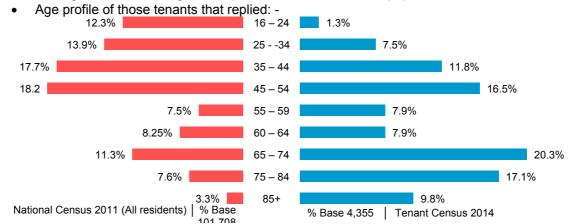
Neighbour consultation letters are sent out once a planning application is registered. Where any comments are invited to be returned within 21 days. Site notices are erected and more consultations are carried out if development was on a major scale (dwellings over 10). This enables members of the local community to contact

the planning department raise an issue if there is one.

Appendix ref.008 – Epping Forest Census 2014 Over half of all tenants (57%) responded.

47% of those tenants were 65 or over and 26.9% were 75 and over.

At the time of the Tenant census the respondents were older than the wider EFD population, with a median age of tenants being 63 compared to 48 for the overall population of EFDC.



- Wards with an elderly population with a median age over 70:
  - Lower Nazeing (median age 71)
  - Waltham Abbey North East (71)
  - North Weald Bassett (72)
  - o Moreton and Fyfield (73)
- Wards with the youngest tenants: -
  - Grange Hill (47)
  - Loughton Fairmead (56)
  - Loughton Roding (56)
  - Waltham Abbey Honey Lane (57)
  - Waltham Abbey South West (58)

Appendix ref.009 – Epping Forest Draft Local Plan Consultation 2016 Ageing population – will require dwellings that are adaptable and accessible for disabilities/ Pg 13 Paragraph 2.4 states:

"The District's population increased by almost 17,000 between 1961 and 2011. Government estimates that the District's population had risen by just over 5,000 since 2011." "In 2011, compared to the rest of England, the District had smaller proportions of people aged under 30 and a larger proportion of people aged 45 to 64 years and 65 years and over." "by 2033, projections suggest the proportion of people aged over 65 years will rise sharply compared to the other age bands"

#### & <u>BGP1</u> <u>Housing</u> <u>Background</u> Paper

|   | Affordable Housing Need (in households)* |                     |              |                  |              |  |
|---|--|---------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--|
|   | East<br>Herts DC                         | Epping<br>Forest DC | Harlow<br>DC | Uttlesford<br>DC | HMA<br>Total |  |
| Unmet need for affordable housing in 2017         | 1  |                     |              |                  |              |  |
| Total unmet need for affordable housing           | 1,632                                    | 1,171               | 1,597        | 818              | 5,218        |  |
| Supply of housing vacated                         | 471                                      | 544                 | 849          | 242              | 2,106        |  |
| Overall impact of current affordable housing need | 1,161                                    | 627                 | 748          | 576              | 3,112        |  |
| Future need for affordable housing 2011-33        | 4,128                                    | 3,152               | 3,289        | 2,724            | 13,291       |  |
| Percentage of overall housing need                | 31%                                      | 34%                 | 67%          | 27%              | 35%          |  |

The above table (Epping Draft Local Plan) shows the projected need for affordable housing (measured in households) in the District from 2011-2033 (for households not dwellings). These figures take into account current unmet need for affordable housing and starter homes, projected

future need arising from new households which will form in the future, and also the number of existing households which are likely to fall into need in the future.

'3,152 of the new homes need to be affordable'

Ageing population. Demand on health services. Need dwellings that are accessible and adaptable.

#### EFDC KPI COM004 - How many households were housed in temporary accommodation

An increase in the number of households in temporary accommodation provided under homelessness legislation: -

2016-17 (all age ranges) Q1 – 103

Q2 – 111

Q3 – 101

Q4 - 116

2017-18 (all age ranges) Q1 - 21

Total number of homeless households in temporary accommodation at the end of Q1 was 97.

# ONS Subnational population projections for England 2012 – based on 2011 Census

&

Appendix ref.010 – EFDC Population Forecast 2012 Council considers all new homes should be built to category 2 'accessible and adaptable dwellings' – dependent on site specific viability testing ensuring no compromise to delivery of development.

- 22.3% of the EFD population is aged 65 years and over and life expectancy is increasing;
- 5% population growth rate for the Epping Forest District.

## EFDC ER's Vol 1-5 JCT DB11

Appendix ref.011 – Employers

Requirements - Generic

Contractors are required to produce a plan to target employment for the existing estate and local labour and discuss opportunities that will be available on any project to enable the placement of apprentices and trainees.

Also, contractors are required to recruit new apprentices and trainees from approved sources - 'The Contractor shall employ apprentices and trainees for supervised waged work experience, throughout the duration of this contract.

Contractor will agree numbers of apprentices. Trainees or waged trainees weeks on site with the Employed based on the thresholds contained within the Framework Agreement.

Appendix ref.012 – Strategic Housing Market Assessment for West Essex & East Herts 2015 Pq101 & 108

- ECC demand analysis assessment identified a shortfall in independent living units
- EFDC needs to provide approximately 11,300 (market housing & affordable) new homes over the Local Plan period (up to 2033) (specific split of houses vs. flats, numbers of bedrooms etc.).
- Older people are living longer, healthier lives and specialist housing offered today may not be appropriate for the future years.
- Accessible housing in the district is needed with a view of adaptable lifetime homes.
- Government's reform of Health and Adult Social Care is underpinned by sustaining people at home for as long as possible. Dwellings to meet cat. 2 requirements (dependent on viability).

Appendix ref.013 – EFDC Employers Requirements EFDC ER's Vol 1-5 JCT DB11 Adopted by EFDC based on a combination of the East Thames Design Standards and the HCA Design Standards.

#### **Gracelands CMS Equality and Diversity Policy**

Gracelands CMS Ltd has embedded equality into its service provision, targeting resources where they are needed and in ways that ensure tenants have equal access to services. Their Policy extends to monitoring its suppliers. Their tender submission sets out how the company positively reflects the mix of the team delivering the Service with the community in which the Service is provided.

#### **Mears PLC Equality and Diversity Policy**

Mears operates an ethos of respect for all and are fully committed to ensuring accessible service and opportunities to all. This extends from the Board and includes all staff, supply chain partners they work with, residents and

customers across all of its contracts. Their Policy is reviewed and updated bi-annually or sooner if required. Their tender submission sets out how the company positively reflects the mix of the team delivering the Service with the community in which the Service is provided.

| Appendix ref.014 – East Thames<br>Priority Needs Policy                       | East Thames Single Equality Scheme which included their equality and diversity statement, aims and action plan. The document includes the Equality Act 2010 and due to the nature of the document it goes further than promoting equalities internally. The action plan sets out clear equalities responsibilities for meeting the aims of the Scheme including a range of tasks working with residents/community/service users. |
|---|--|
| Appendix ref.015 - Pellings Equality<br>Diversity Policy                      | Pellings is committed to upholding and developing the principles of equality and diversity throughout the organisation and in the preservation of an individual's dignity at work. They recognise the need to encourage a positive attitude towards diversity amongst their employees as part of their culture. This commitment extends to the Contractors and other Consultants that they contract with.                        |
| Appendix ref.016 - Secure by Design – Designing out crime of new developments | Consideration is given to designing safe places to live (vulnerable older people).   |

#### EFDC Repairs and Improvements & Repairs recharge costs 2017

Council residents are able to report the faults by phone, email or via the mobile app.

#### Impact of an ageing population study Epping Forest District

- Between 2015 and 2025 it is anticipated that the number of over 65's in Epping Forest will increase from 25,400 to 30,000 and over 50's 64's, from around 24,200 to 27,400.
- Services in preventative healthcare and activities to help people to remain active and health in later life, could help increase the proportion of life spent in good health and reduce costs to a wide range of organisations.
- Loughton Alderton is one of the wards that have some of the lowest life expectancy and this is identified as being linked to deprivation and less positive lifestyles.
- Evidence shows good physical and mental health are essential to living longer and a better quality of life.
- 2013 there were 1,855 Dementia suffers, by 2025 the number is expected to be 2,553 (37.6%).

EFDC
Housing
Register &
housingallocationsscheme2015-v3

| Total number of ap | plicants | on Epp | oing For | est Dis | strict Council's Housing Register               |
|--------------------|----------|--------|----------|---------|---|
| *Priority Bands    | Q1       | Q2     | Q3       | Q4      |   |
| Housing Register   | 1531     | 1515   | 1477     | 1462    |   |
| Band A*            | 135      | 134    | 120      | 125     | Urgent medical grounds/disability               |
| Band B*            | 526      | 534    | 516      | 538     | Existing Council tenants aged over 60yrs        |
| Band C*            | 706      | 700    | 706      | 683     | moderate medical grounds relating to disability |
| SWL                | 164      | 147    | 134      | 116     |   |

#### **Careline Annual Report 2015-16**

Epping Forest Careline currently has approximately 2,500 clients. Years of experience managing a community alarm service and enabling independent living. Customers to feel more secure in their home, as help is at the press of a button. The service is beneficial to those that feel vulnerable in some way: they are unwell, may have previously fallen, been injured, experienced an intruder in their property or garden or have an on-going illness or been recently discharged from hospital.

• A new Careline call handling provider will be used to enable the service to facilitate the demand from an increasing older generation living longer healthier independent lives.

Nov 2016 random Careline survey of 300 clients (12% of the user base).

- 99.3% satisfied with the quality of service;
- 99.3% happy with time taken to respond to calls;
- 100% found Epping Forest Careline staff helpful;
- 98% service was good value for money this was a reduction from 99.2% in 2015. There was a marginal rise in monitoring fees for the 1st time in 3 years which may account for this.
- 99.3% found equipment easy to use;
- 100% would recommend Epping Forest Careline to friends and family;
- 347 new installations across the district in 2016. Yearly call total 61,162, averaging 168 daily;

#### **Sheltered Housing Guide**

- EFDC provides sheltered housing for older residents that are capable of living on their own but feel more secure with the support of a visiting Scheme Manager;
- Self-contained flats, bungalows and studios. Housing with communal lounge -social activities;
- Currently located in Loughton, Watham Abbey, Buckhurst Hill and Epping.
- Once the new Careline provider is agreed a Sheltered Housing Review will be undertaken to identify all future options for the current properties and provide recommendations.

#### **Downsizing Scheme**

- EFDC enables older residents to downsize to a smaller more manageable property;
- Financial incentive as they could be eligible for a lower rent and receive up to £4,000;
- £1000 for each room "released", plus £500 for removal expenses and £500 to meet decoration costs.
- Younger larger families will benefit from these properties becoming available.

C.A.R.E Home Improvement Agency,
Handyperson Scheme EFDC
Internal Decorating Service for the elderly

- Through the Caring and Repairing in Epping Forest (C.A.R.E) Home Improvement Agency, the Council seeks
  to assist older people and disabled home owners to improve, repair or adapt their houses. They may also
  assist with home improvements to: -
  - prevent hospital admission;
  - support prompt discharge from hospital.
- C.A.R.E. provides a handy person service to retired home-owners / private tenants over the age of 60 years.
   Vetted contractors carry out small, low cost repairs / home security work, fall prevention measures.
   Chargeable service (lower for those on means tested benefits).
- Tenants living in Sheltered Accommodation or in General Needs housing if over 60 years of age or registered disabled are able to access a free of charge handy man service. This recognises that some aspects of the Tenancy Agreement which are the responsibility of the tenant(s) may not be able to be undertaken or place the tenant at risk of harming themselves i.e. fall from a height when changing lightbulbs.
- Tenants over the age of 60 years have access to a free of charge service to decorate a room of their choice every four years.

#### The Health Impacts of Cold Homes and Fuel Poverty leaflet (2011)

- Countries which have more efficient housing have lower Excess Winter Deaths (EWDs)
- Link between EWDs, low thermal efficiency of housing / low indoor temperature (SAP rating).
- EWDs are almost three times higher in the coldest quarter of housing than in the warmest.
- 21.5% of all EWDs are linked to the coldest guarter of housing.
- Around 40% of EWDs are attributable to cardiovascular diseases.
- Around 33% of EWDs are attributable to respiratory diseases.
- Strong relationship between cold temperatures and cardio-vascular and respiratory diseases.
- Cold housing negatively affects:
  - o dexterity and increases the risk of accidents and injuries in the home
  - children's educational attainment, emotional well-being and resilience &
  - o twice likely to suffer from a variety of respiratory problems
- Fuel poverty negatively affects dietary opportunities and choices.

"The annual cost to the NHS of treating winter related disease due to cold private housing is £859 million. This does not include additional spending by social services, or economic losses through missed work. The total costs to the NHS and the country are unknown. A recent study showed that investing £1 in keeping homes warm saved the NHS 42 pence in health costs..." [Chief Medical Officer Report, 2009]

#### Disability / Dependents / Caring Responsibilities

'Considerate constructors' reports & site scoring explained Example: (Roundhills 08/07/15)

The Monitor's Site report lists the following headings in the checklist which must be addressed in order for the site to achieve compliance and the scores (1/10) indicate that a site has reached a standard beyond statutory requirements.

1. Care about Appearance

- 2. Respect the Community
- 3. Protect the **Environment**
- 4. Secure everyone's Safety
- 5. Value their Workforce

Sites are not only assessed for compliance, but also to identify measures taken which are above and beyond these requirements, and addressing the non-bolded questions on the checklist may result in a higher score.

The score awarded reflects the Monitor's opinion on how the site is performing based on what they see at the time of the visit and their discussion with the Site Manager.

Residents consultations EFDC Planning EFDC Statement of Community Involvement

As above category – the local community has a chance to raise any issues.

<u>JCT D&B contract</u> and JCT Measured Term Contract, 2011 are the industry standard contracts signed by both parties to agree scope cost of works.

#### Equal Opp Para states Pg 10: -

In all its activities carried out pursuant to this agreement the Contractor shall comply and ensure that its agents and employees comply with: -

- i. the Human Rights Act 1998 as if the Contractor are a public body (as defined in the Human Rights Act)
- ii. all Laws relating to equal opportunity including but without limitation to discrimination on the basis of age, disability, sex or sexual orientation, race, religion or belief; and,
- iii. the Employer's equal opportunities policies and procedures as may be adopted and amended from time to time as notified to the Contractor.

# Appendix ref.017 - ECC Development Management Policies (to be read in conjunction with,

- 1. Appendix ref.018 The Urban Place Supplement; and,
- 2. The Essex Design Guide,
- Appendix ref.019 Parking Standards Design and Good Practice.
- The reports reflect the required balance between the need for new housing, protecting the transport network for the safe movement of people.
  - Lists design standards, accessibility and transport sustainability policies along with Impact and mitigation policies such as safety audits, congestion, air quality and HGV movement.
- 2. Provides guidance on the layout of densities below 20 dwellings per hectare/ over 20 dwellings. Provides guidance for accessibility for disabled people to dwellings. Good practice to design new dwellings to be able to be visited unassisted by disabled people as far as the entry to the dwelling. There will need to be a flat area 900mm x 900mm minimum on the same level as the threshold outside the entrance to each dwelling. (pg80)
- Provides guidance on parking standards. 1 car parking space for every 4sqm of GFA. (Gross Floor Area. If a development has a GFA of 17sqm, a calculation 17 divided by 4 gives 4.25 spaces, rounded up to the nearest whole number giving a total number of 5 spaces.
  - Bus routes within the residential developments will require a min clear passage of 6 metres.

#### Appendix ref.020 - ECC Development and Public Rights of Way

Considers access issues.

#### **Feasibility Studies**

The project team undertakes a desktop analysis of each site enabling the team to rule out any sites that are not suitable for development, due to legal, financial or technical reasons. Suitable sites will then have initial feasibility plans produced, where initial views are sought from planners. An investment appraisal will be conducted. This requires rents to be agreed with the officer of the council. The contractor will work closely with the council Legal Team to identify any issues that need to be resolved and determine the best route to proceed. It is certain that issues regarding rights of way, access etc. will have to be dealt with. In these cases the necessary use of

appropriation, under the planning act, will be used. The Contractor and council legal team will liaise to ensure the legal risks are fully explored and mitigated.

#### Strategic Housing Market Assessment for West Essex & East Herts 2015 Pg108

Report supports the need for 15% of affordable housing to meet Category 3 requirement to aide accessibility for wheelchair users. Currently, 1-30 households in England (3.3%) have at least one wheelchair user. These proportions are likely to increase over the period to 2033.

Appendix ref.021 - Epping Forest Draft Local Plan 2016

Will require dwellings that are adaptable & accessible.

#### **EFDC E-Learning Module – Disability Awareness**

All EFDC staff undertakes this learning course to improve disability awareness.

EFDC – HRA Business Plan 2016 & R&M Business Plan 2016-17

Around 10% of the EFDC Housing Service staff have a disability

The Council endeavours to carry out adaptations to properties to meet the reasonable needs of disabled tenants. This is based on assessments and recommendations from Social Services Occupational Therapists.

Appendix ref.008 -Epping Forest Tenant Census 2014

- 30.2%% stated they had a disability
- 34% of households contained at least one person who had a disability
- North Weald Bassett Ward contained the highest proportion of tenants with a disability (39%), followed by Waltham Abbey North East (38%). These Wards had a higher than average number of older residents.
- 1.4% of tenants needed assistance in communicating due to hearing difficulties, with 14 of these tenants understanding British Sign Language. 45 of the tenants that responded could lip read.
- 6% of tenants preferred to receive information in other formats due to sight problems, and 7 of these preferred information on audio tape. Braille was preferred by 2 tenants, but the vast majority (240).
- Grange Hill Ward youngest population, smallest proportion of tenants with a disability (1.4%)
- Under a third of tenants stated they had a disability (30.2%), higher than the overall population of EFDC (15.7%).

Appendix ref.022 - EFDC Customer Impact Assessment – Repairs (Sep 2011)

The 2011 CIA showed that the working procedure could give rise to difficulty when reporting repairs dependent on the disability. Or residents with a visual disability cannot identify tradesmen.

Appendix ref.023 - East Thames Priority Needs Policy

Staff undertake the necessary training to ensure they have 'disability awareness'.

#### Gracelands CMS Ltd Policy on Equal Opportunities and Diversity

All employees receive training in Equal Opportunities and Diversity at induction and throughout their employment. Their tender submission sets out how the company positively reflects the mix of the team delivering the Service with the community in which the Service is provided.

#### Mears PLC Equality and Diversity Policy

Mears operates an ethos of respect for all and are fully committed to ensuring accessible service and opportunities to all. This extends from the Board and includes all staff, supply chain partners they work with, residents and customers across all of its contracts. Their tender submission sets out how the company positively reflects the mix of the team delivering the Service with the community in which the Service is provided.

EFDC
Housing
Register &
housingallocations-

Total number of applicants on Epping Forest District Council's Housing Register

| *Priority Bands  | Q1   | Q2   | Q3   | Q4   |  |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Housing Register | 1531 | 1515 | 1477 | 1462 |  |
| Band A*          | 135  | 134  | 120  | 125  | Urgent medical grounds/disability        |
| Band B*          | 526  | 534  | 516  | 538  | Existing Council tenants aged over 60yrs |

| scheme-<br>2015-v3  | Band C* 706 700 706 683 moderate medical grounds relating to disability SWL 164 147 134 116  |
|---|--|
| Appendix<br>ref.024 –<br>Strategic<br>Housing<br>Market<br>Assessment               | <ul> <li>Pg 108: Report supports the need for 15% of affordable housing to meet Category 3 requirement to aide accessibility for wheelchair users.</li> <li>Currently, 1-30 households in England (3.3%) have at least one wheelchair user. These proportions are likely to increase over the period to 2033.</li> <li>Therefore, adaptable accessible housing is needed.</li> </ul>   |
| Local Authority District - Indices of Deprivation via www.gov.uk Mental Health JSNA | Mental Health JSNA Page 31  "70% of people accessing homelessness services have a mental health problem. Many of these people do not receive the support they need to overcome their mental health and substance misuse problems."  Within this document it states:-  "a survey of 152 homeless people in Essex" "the majority suffered from stress, anxiety or depressions. 84% of participants experienced at least 1 of these and 63% experienced all three."  Nearly half reported using drugs and alcohol as coping mechanisms. Approx. 41% had been diagnosed with a mental health condition (0.7% of the Essex population is on a GP Mental Health Conditions Register). Approx. 1 third with mental health issues are currently receiving support. |
| Decent<br>Home<br>Definition  | EFDC meets the Decent Home Standard.  To meet the Decent Homes Standard the Council or Housing Association home must: -  • Meet the HHSRS minimum safety standards for housing  • Be in a reasonable state of repair  • Have reasonably modern facilities and services  • Have efficient heating and effective insulation.  If the property does not meet all four of the criteria it will fail the Decent Home Standard.  |

#### EFDC Repairs and Improvements & Repairs recharge costs 2017

Council residents are able to report the faults by phone, email or via the mobile app.

#### **ECC Independent Living Programme Position Statement** (published Oct2016)

Pg 7:ECC's most recent assessment of need for Independent Living Accommodation in the Epping Forest District shows a shortfall of 44 rental units and 143 market ILA homes are required by 2020.

#### Essex coalition of disabled people (ECDP)

- Disabled people are underrepresented in the workplace and work with employers is required to increase the number of disabled adults in the work place.
- Almost half (48%) of disabled people were dissatisfied with access to high street services in general. This is
  despite the view that 'things are slowly getting better' 65% of respondents felt that there had been no improvement
  to disabled access in the past five years.

http://www.ecdp.org.uk/ & http://www.bluebadgestyle.com/

#### The Health Impacts of Cold Homes and Fuel Poverty leaflet (2011)

- Mental health is negatively affected by fuel poverty and cold housing for any age group.
- More than 1 in 4 adolescents living in cold housing are at risk of multiple mental health problems compared to 1 in 20 adolescents who have always lived in warm housing.
- Cold housing increases the level of minor illnesses such as colds and flu and exacerbates existing conditions such as arthritis and rheumatism.
- Improving the energy efficiency of the existing stock is a long-term, sustainable way of ensuring multiple gains, including environmental, health and social.

#### Gender

Appendix ref.025 –

Epping Forest district population: -

• 64219 – 51.5% - female

ONS Data for Epping

60440 – 48.5% - male

Appendix ref.026 – 'Considerate constructors' reports & site scoring explained

As above category, and: predominately male workforce in the building industry. The number of female workers is increasing across the building industry.

Appendix ref.027 - Example: Roundhills 08/07/2015

#### **EFDC - HRA Business Plan 2016**

Within the Housing Service the ratio of staff is: -

- Around 60% are women
- Over 70% are over 45 years of age
- 10% are under 35 years of age

Appendix ref.022 - EFDC Customer Impact Assessment - Repairs (September 2011) The CIA in 2011 showed a low impact and that residents may feel at risk when strangers are in their property. The Council employs a Tenant Liaison Officer, who can attend whenever a resident feels uneasy or threatened. The Council can arrange for a female Officer to attend in conjunction with a tradesman if needed.

# Chapter 2 Setting the Scene EFDC

|                       |                          | Epping<br>Forest (%) | East of<br>England (%) | England<br>(%) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| All people aged 16-64 | Economically Active      | 80.4                 | 80.2                   | 78             |
|                       | In Employment            | 76.9                 | 77                     | 73.9           |
|                       | Employees                | 63                   | 66.4                   | 63.1           |
|                       | Self Employed            | 13.9                 | 10.3                   | 10.4           |
|                       | Unemployed               | 3.4                  | 3.8                    | 5.1            |
| Males aged 16-64      | 6-64 Economically Active |                      | 86.2                   | 83.6           |
|                       | In Employment            | 80.4                 | 82.7                   | 79.2           |
|                       | Employees                | 59.5                 | 68.7                   | 64.7           |
|                       | Self Employed            | 20.9                 | 13.8                   | 14.1           |
|                       | Unemployed               | #                    | 3.9                    | 5.1            |
| Females aged 16-64    | Economically Active      | 74.5                 | 74.3                   | 72.5           |
|                       | In Employment            | 73.5                 | 71.4                   | 68.8           |
|                       | Employees                | 66.2                 | 64.3                   | 61.6           |
|                       | Self Employed            | #                    | 6.8                    | 6.8            |
|                       | Unemployed               | #                    | 3.8                    | 5              |

# These numbers are not available as Government's sample size is too small to provide an estimate, or because the numbers are so small they would disclose personal data.

| Gender  | All persons | Males  | Females |
|---|-------------|--------|---------|
| Occupation  |             |        |         |
| All categories: Occupation                          | 61,609      | 32,614 | 28,995  |
| 1. Managers, directors and senior officials         | 9,051       | 6,071  | 2,980   |
| 2. Professional occupations                         | 10,107      | 5,112  | 4,995   |
| 3. Associate professional and technical occupations | 9,039       | 5,265  | 3,774   |
| 4. Administrative and secretarial occupations       | 9,269       | 1,624  | 7,645   |
| 5. Skilled trades occupations                       | 7,167       | 6,481  | 686     |
| 6. Caring, leisure and other service occupations    | 4,845       | 766    | 4,079   |
| 7. Sales and customer service occupations           | 3,681       | 1,261  | 2,420   |
| 8. Process plant and machine operatives             | 3,839       | 3,521  | 318     |
| 9. Elementary Occupations                           | 4,611       | 2,513  | 2,098   |

| Economic Activity – Epping Forest District Council | Total  | Male   | female |
|--|--------|--------|--------|
| All usual residents aged 16-74                     | 90,622 | 44,089 | 46,533 |
| Economically active                                | 65,304 | 34,651 | 30,653 |

| In employment                          | 59,936 | 31,837 | 28,099 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|
| Employee: Part-time                    | 12,023 | 2,105  | 9,918  |
| Employee: Full-time                    | 34,722 | 19,966 | 14,756 |
| Self-employed                          | 13,191 | 9,766  | 3,425  |
| Unemployed                             | 3,259  | 1,819  | 1,440  |
| Full-time student                      | 2,109  | 995    | 1,114  |
| Economically inactive                  | 25,318 | 9,438  | 15,880 |
| Retired                                | 12,746 | 5,308  | 7,438  |
| Student (including full-time students) | 4,055  | 2,005  | 2,050  |
| Looking after home or family           | 4,459  | 261    | 4,198  |
| Long-term sick or disabled             | 2,378  | 1,189  | 1,189  |
| Other                                  | 1,680  | 675    | 1,005  |
| Unemployed: Age 16-74                  | 922    | 563    | 359    |
| Unemployed: Age 50-74                  | 655    | 418    | 237    |
| Unemployed: Never worked               | 438    | 250    | 188    |
| Long-term unemployed                   | 1,298  | 672    | 626    |
|  |        |        |        |

#### Marriage / Civil Partnerships

| Appendix   |
|------------|
| ref.028 -  |
| NOMIS Data |

|   | All persons | Males  | Females |
|---|-------------|--------|---------|
| All categories: Living arrangements                   | 100,672     | 48,322 | 52,350  |
| Living in a couple                                    | 60,592      | 30,292 | 30,300  |
| Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership | 49,472      | 24,745 | 24,727  |

|       | Living arrangements |        |  |
|-------|---------------------|--------|--|
| Age   | All categories:     | couple | Married/in a registered same-sex civil partnership |
| 16-19 | 5,862               | 72     | 1  |
| 20-24 | 6,652               | 870    | 127  |
| 25-29 | 6,614               | 3,005  | 1,223  |
| 30-34 | 7,506               | 4,923  | 3,295  |
| 35-39 | 8,367               | 6,107  | 4,614  |
| 40-44 | 9,630               | 6,996  | 5,524  |
| 45-49 | 9,909               | 7,378  | 6,104  |
| 50-54 | 8,609               | 6,414  | 5,526  |
| 55-59 | 7,602               | 5,707  | 5,101  |
| 60-64 | 8,266               | 6,278  | 5,769  |
| 65-69 | 6,394               | 4,683  | 4,371  |
| 70-74 | 4,980               | 3,314  | 3,158  |
| 75-79 | 4,193               | 2,547  | 2,451  |
| 80-84 | 3,294               | 1,536  | 1,482  |
| 85+   | 2,794               | 762    | 726  |
|       |                     |        |  |

#### Appendix ref.029 – ONS Data 2011 - Population

Of the Epping Forest District population:

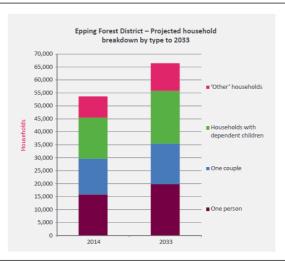
- 49.9% are married
- 0.2% are in a same-sex civil partnership

Appendix ref.012 -Strategic Housing Market Assessment for West Essex & East Herts (Sep 2015)

- Population projection information gathered from the census shows the changing of household trends and provision for the future needs for existing families and new family unit trends.
- EFDC needs to provide approximately 11,300 (as mentioned above)
- The approximate affordable housing need by tenure and dwelling size 3,200.

#### Pregnancy / maternity & Dependents/Carers

Appendix ref. 009 - Epping **Forest Draft** Local Plan Consultation 2016



'It is expected that the total number of households (a household being a single person who lives alone, or a group of people who live together) in 2011 was roughly 52,000. This is expected to rise to approximately 66,460 by 2033. The household projections suggest that by 2033, there will be proportionately more households consisting of one person, or a family with dependent children, and proportionately less households consisting of one couple.'

#### **Affordable Rents Policy**

The Council Housebuilding Cabinet Committee approved the recommendations to: -

- Charge affordable rents for Council properties built under the Council's Housebuilding Programme be reaffirmed:
- Properties (re)let, the Council's affordable rents be set at a level equivalent to the lowest of: -2.
  - 80% of market rents for the locality in which the property is situates, as assessed by the Council's Estates and Valuations Division;
  - The Local Housing Allowance level for the Broad Market Rental Area (BMRA) in which the property is h situated: and
  - A rent cap of £180 per week, irrespective of the size of the property.
- Affordable rent be increased annually by the Retail Price Index (as at the preceding September) + 0.5% (or any other maximum increase determined by the Government), until the tenant vacates, when the affordable rent will be re-based in accordance with the Homes and Communities Agency's (HCA's) Affordable Rent Model and the policy at (2)
- Council's rent cap level be reviewed annually by the Council Housebuilding Cabinet Committee; and
- That the Director of Housing be authorised to enter into Short Form Agreements with the Homes and Communities Agency for all developments, to enable affordable rents to be charged for the properties built under the Housebuilding Programme, and the 'Provider Representative' names in the Agreements be a senior figure at East Thames Group.

#### Race

#### EHRC review 'Race Right in the UK' July 2016

| Inequalities re: | housing | g, education and health. Poorer empl             | loym | ent pi | rospects and lower pay                                |
|------------------|---------|--|------|--------|---|
| Appendix         | 85.2    | White; English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern           | า    | 0.7    | Asian/Asian British; Pakistani                        |
| ref.030 -        |         | Irish/British                                    |      | 0.6    | Mixed/Multiple Ethnic Groups; White and Asian         |
| ONS Data         | 4       | White; Other White                               |      | 0.6    | Mixed/Multiple Ethnic Groups; Other Mixed             |
| 2011 –           | 2.4     | Asian/Asian British; Indian                      |      | 0.5    | Asian/Asian British; Chinese                          |
| Ethnic           | 1.1     | White; Irish                                     |      | 0.5    | Other Ethnic Group; Any Other Ethnic Group            |
| Groups           | 1       | Black/African/Caribbean/Black British; African   |      | 0.2    | Mixed/Multiple Ethnic Groups; White and Black African |
|                  | 0.9     | Asian/Asian British; Other Asian                 |      | 0.2    | Asian/Asian British; Bangladeshi                      |
|                  | 0.8     | Black/African/Caribbean/Black British; Caribbean |      | 0.2    | Black/African/Caribbean/Black British; Other Black    |
|                  | 0.7     | Mixed/Multiple Ethnic Groups; White ar           | nd   | 0.1    | White; Gypsy or Irish Traveller                       |
|                  |         | Black Caribbean                                  |      | 0.1    | Other Ethnic Group; Arab                              |
| Appendix         | Just ov | er half of all tenants responded: -              |      |        |   |
| ref.008 -        | 36%     | White Irish                                      | 5%   |        | angladeshi  |
| Epping           | 87%     | White – Other                                    | 9%   |        | sian – Other  |
| Forest           | 23%     | Black – African                                  | 3%   |        | lixed – White and Black African                       |
| Census 2014      | 11%     | Black – Caribbean                                | 16%  |        | lixed – Other   |
|                  | 4%      | Black – Other                                    | 1%   | _      | hinese  |
|                  | 7%      | Indian   | 9%   |        | other ethnic group                                    |
|                  | 3%      | Pakistani  | 3%   | G      | Sypsy / Roma / Traveller background                   |

Appendix ref.031 – EFDC Street numbering and naming policy - Para 4.7 (4)

No street or property names considered or construed as racist, obscene, or contravene any aspect of the council's equal opportunities policies will not be acceptable.

#### **Updating Overall Housing Need 2014**

#### **Migrant** trends.

EFDC has housed two Syrian families in the district so far. Introductory information has been translated into Arabic.

#### Appendix ref.004 - EFDC HRA Business Plan 2016

- Over 90% of the EFDC Housing service staff are white.
- Pg 11 Para 19 EFDC Council Housing Services compares the protected characteristics of those people who we have housed with those people on the Housing Register. This exercise showed that generally the 'protected characteristics' of housing applicants and those that have been given council accommodation are similar. No amendments to the Housing Allocations Scheme have been necessary to avoid discrimination.

#### JCT D&B contract and JCT Measured Term Contract, 2011

#### Equal Opp Para states Pg 10: -

In all its activities carried out pursuant to this agreement the Contractor shall comply and ensure that its agents and employees comply with: -

- i. the Human Rights Act 1998 as if the Contractor are a public body (as defined in the Human Rights Act)
- ii. all Laws relating to equal opportunity including but without limitation to discrimination on the basis of age, disability, sex or sexual orientation, race, religion or belief; and,
- iii. the Employer's equal opportunities policies and procedures as may be adopted and amended from time to time as notified to the Contractor

#### EFDC Customer Impact Assessment - Repairs

The 2011 CIA showed low impact that working procedure can give rise to possible language problems. The Council has access to translation services.

Appendix ref. 032 - EFDC Census 2011 Data

|  | All categories:<br>Ethnic group | White: Gypsy or<br>Irish Traveller |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| All categories   | 51,991                          | 71                                 |
| All tenure %   | 100%                            | 0.1%                               |
| Owned or shared ownership: Total                         | 37,771                          | 33                                 |
| Owned outright   | 18,070                          | 25                                 |
| Mortgage/loan/shared ownership                           | 19,701                          | 8                                  |
| Social rented total                                      | 7,803                           | 29                                 |
| Social rented total %                                    | 100%                            | 0.4%                               |
| Social rented from council (Local Authority)             | 6208                            | 26                                 |
| Social rented: Rented from council (LA) %                | 100%                            | 0.4%                               |
| Social rent: Other social rented                         | 1,595                           | 3                                  |
| Private rented or living rent free: Total                | 6,417                           | 9                                  |
| Private rented: Private landlord or letting agency       | 5,307                           | 4                                  |
| Private rented: Other private rented or living rent free | 1,110                           | 5                                  |

#### Religion / belief

Appendix ref. 033 - ONS Data

Appendix ref.008 -**Epping** Forest Census 2014 Of the EFDC Population

- Christian 61.8% (77053) •

- Jewish 3.2% (3972) Other religion -0.3% (432)
- Buddhist 0.3% (416)
- Muslim − 1.9% (2377)
  - No religion -22.5% (28061)

- Hindu 1.4% (1745)
- Sikh 1% (1253)
- Do not wish to disclose 7.6%

Just over half of all tenants responded: -

- 61% stated they were Christian
- 21% said they had no faith or religious beliefs

#### Residents consultations -

Appendix ref.034 – EFDC Planning EFDC Statement of Community Involvement

Neighbour consultation letters are sent out once a planning application is registered. Any comments are invited to be returned within 21 days. Site notices are erected and more consultations are carried out if development was on a major scale (dwellings over 10).

Appendix ref.031 – EFDC Street numbering and naming policy - Para 4.7 (4)

No street or property names considered or construed as racist, obscene, or contravene any aspect of the council's equal opportunities policies will not be acceptable.

Appendix ref.004 - EFDC HRA Business Plan 2016

Pg 11 Para 19 - EFDC Council Housing Services compares the protected characteristics of those people who we have housed with those people on the Housing Register. This exercise showed that generally the 'protected characteristics' of housing applicants and those that have been given council accommodation are similar. No amendments to the Housing Allocations Scheme have been necessary to avoid discrimination.

#### Sexual orientation and Gender reassignment

#### Appendix ref.008 – Epping Forest Census 2014

57% of all tenants responded stating -

- 62.2% were heterosexual
- 26% did not state their sexuality
- 0.6% were gay or bisexual
- 10% did not specify

#### Appendix ref.008 – Epping Forest Census 2014

57% of all tenants responded stating -

62.2% were heterosexual

10% did not specify.

- 0.6% were gay or bisexual
- 26% did not state their sexuality

EFDC Hate Crime

Data does not indicate that sexual orientation is a focus for hate crime in the district.

<u>Inequality among lesbian gay bisexual and transgender groups in the UK - A review of evidence</u> by Nathan Hudson-Sharp & Hilary Metcalf, National Institute of Economic and Social Research July 2016

The evidence base is insufficient to properly assess inequality and relative disadvantage by sexual orientation and gender identity

- Homophobic bullying in schools
- LGBT people are at greater risk of crime, particularly gay men, young people, and BME groups
- LGBT people's health is worse than heterosexual people
- LGBT people prefer and are more engaged with specialist rather than mainstream services
- Discrimination in the workplace
- LGBT familial rejection resulting in mental health problems and homelessness
- · LGBT housing needs not addressed with homelessness services
- Improvement in acceptance of LGBT people in public positions however fear or abuse and expectation of discrimination are barriers to engagement in public and political life.
- Improvement in public acceptance of LGB people
- LGBT asylum seekers face additional barriers to securing housing employment and financial stability
- Young LGBT people face hostility in education, at home, and in wider society.
- Older LGBT people have more concerns that heterosexual people about moving into care homes, independence, mobility, health, housing, and mental health.

#### Other

| Draft-OAHN-N   | loU-v8 Chapter-3-2016-08-18-OAN-update-based-on-2014-based-projections – August 2016                                     |
|--|--|
|  | Page 8 - The revised OAN shows that the full objectively assessed need for housing 2011-33 was 46,058 but is now 54,608. |
| Appendix ref.<br>035 – ONS<br>Data -<br>Tenure             | In 2011 the census showed the following tenure: -  |
| Appendix<br>ref.004 -<br>EFDC HRA<br>Business<br>Plan 2016 | The housing register is assessed and housing need is reflected in the new build plans.                                   |

#### Appendix ref.004 - EFDC HRA Business Plan 2016

The above includes the Repairs and Maintenance Business Plan 2016 - Sets the Council's standards, Policies, strategies and targets for all Responsive Repairs, Voids and Planned Maintenance programmes.

#### https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-planning-policy-framework--2 (NPPF)

The report highlights the important of quality open spaces for sport and recreation as this has a positive effect on the health and well-being of communities.

Deliver a wide choice of high quality homes, widen communities for home ownership and create sustainable, inclusive and mixed communities local planning authorities should:

- Plan for a mix of housing based on current and future demographic trends, market trend and the needs of different groups in the community (including but not limited to those with protected characteristics).
- Identify the size, type, tenure and range of housing that is required in particular locations, reflecting local demand.

#### www.turn2us.org.uk/What-is-fuel-poverty

In June 2013 <u>Department-of-Energy-and-Climate-Change-(DECC)</u> published a 'framework for Energy and Climate Change'. Definition states that a household is said to be in fuel poverty if: -

- they have required fuel costs that are above the average (the national median level); and
- were they to spend that amount they would be left with a residual income below the official poverty line

#### The Health Impacts of Cold Homes and Fuel Poverty leaflet (2011)

- Investing in the energy efficiency of housing can help stimulate the labour market and economy, as well as creating opportunities for skilling up the construction workforce.
- Estimated half of homes in sparsely populated English communities have an energy efficiency rating of below SAP30, (considered a significant health hazard). In 2006, 21% in rural areas were in fuel poverty compared with 11% in suburban and 10% in urban areas.
- Rural homes are likely to be detached, larger in size than urban homes, more difficult and more expensive to heat, or to make more energy efficient.
- Access to mains gas is rare (about 5 or 10 miles from an urban area). Rural homes pay more for their fuel leading to a high percentage in fuel poverty. Heating by electric, oil or solid fuel, tends to be more expensive and less efficient.
- Many rural homes are older buildings. Likely to have solid walls (almost all homes built before 1919 are solid walled), which are generally less well-insulated than cavity walls (as can be found in nearly all homes built after 1945). Over 60% of homes in urban areas and rural towns are cavity walled and on mains gas, 32% in villages and 21% in hamlets.
- These factors mean that it is on average more difficult and more expensive to improve the energy efficiency
  of a rural home and need to be considered when developing policies and interventions aimed at reducing fuel
  poverty.

#### **Draft-local-plan**

- None of the areas within the District ranked within the 10% most deprived nationally
- Parts of Loughton Alderton and Waltham Abbey Paternoster wards were ranked within the 20% most deprived (2nd decile), with parts of Grange Hill, Waltham Abbey North East and Waltham Abbey High Beach wards in the 30% most deprived (3rd decile).
- Housing affordability in the District has been a significant problem in more recent times. Areas situated on the border of Greater London, are attractive to city commuters.
- 2001-2013 housing was less affordable in the District than in England as a whole, and broadly comparable to that in East Herts District, Uttlesford District and Greater London as a whole.

#### Enjoy good health wellbeing - Essex County Council (2010)

The data within the EFDC Home Energy Conservation report 2017 table (below) shows the number of households in the district has increased 224 but the number of households in fuel poverty has reduced from approx. 5,257 to approx. 4,185 (2.1%)

| Fuel Pov | erty in Local Authorities |                      |                   |                         |                      |
|----------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| LA Code  | LA Name                   | English region       | All<br>Households | Fuel Poor<br>Households | Percent Fuel<br>Poor |
| 22UB     | Basildon                  | East of England      | 72,359            | 4,997                   | 6.9%                 |
| 22UC     | Braintree                 | East of England      | 60,447            | 5,520                   | 9.1%                 |
| 22UD     | Brentwood                 | East of England      | 30,708            | 3,144                   | 10.2%                |
| 22UE     | Castle Point              | East of England      | 36,789            | 3,493                   | 9.5%                 |
| 22UF     | Chelmsford                | East of England      | 70.896            | 6.347                   | 9.0%                 |
| 22UG     | Colchester                | East of England      | 73,275            | 7,666                   | 10.5%                |
| 22UH     | Epping Forest             | East of England      | 53,235            | 5,257                   | 9.9%                 |
| 22UJ     | Harlow                    | East of England      | 35,191            | 2,196                   | 6.2%                 |
| 22UK     | Maldon                    | East of England      | 25,740            | 2,393                   | 9.3%                 |
| 22UL     | Rochford                  | East of England      | 33.675            | 3,195                   | 9.5%                 |
| 22UN     | Tendring                  | East of England      | 65,180            | 7,777                   | 11.9%                |
| 22UQ     | Uttlesford                | East of England      | 31,139            | 3,441                   | 11.1%                |
| 2017 EF  | DC Report                 | <b>Epping Forest</b> | 53,459            | 4,185                   | 7.8%                 |
| 2010 Es  | sex County Council Report | Epping Forest        | 53,235            | 5,257                   | 9.9%                 |

#### Private Sector House Condition Survey 2011

- EFDC District has an ageing population with a higher rate of heads of household aged 65 and over than that found nationally (30.0% compared with 25.1%). This will potentially place increasing demands on the authority for adaptations and works to allow frail and vulnerable occupiers to live in their own homes, with the current potential cost for Disabled Facilities Grant being estimated at £3.6 million.
- Given the findings in relation to energy efficiency, vulnerable occupiers and Fuel Poverty, a logical approach to private sector housing assistance and enforcement would include a focus on energy efficiency.

Housing Service Strategy on Energy Efficiency -2015

Provision of energy efficiency advice and measures in residential properties across the district;

- a) Improving SAP ratings: Currently the number of properties in the lowest SAP Bands is:
- Band G = 0 properties, Band F = 6 properties, Band E = 393 properties

  Over the next two years, the Council aims to undertake energy efficiency measures on low SAP properties such that there:
  - Are no Council properties with inefficient gas boilers in SAP bands E, F and G;
  - Is an annual reduction in properties in SAP band D; and,
  - Is an increase in the number of properties in SAP bands C and B.

Between 2014 and 2017 percentage of properties in bands D, E, F and G have been reduced by:

- Band G 100%, Band F 92%, Band E 31%, Band D 16%
- and properties in bands C and B have increased as follows:
  - Band C 73%, Band B 58%
- b) Installing energy efficient boilers
  - Currently the total number of properties in our own housing stock with inefficient boilers is:
  - SEDBUK Band G = 85, SEDBUK Band F = 56, SEDBUK Band E = 298 properties.

#### 3.1 What does the information tell you about those groups identified?

Increasing population, especially an increasing older generation. Therefore, a greater need for housing that can be easily adapted to suit the resident's needs. Quality housing is vital to ensure both the mental and physical wellbeing - investing in energy efficiency housing.

| 3.2 | Have you consulted or involved those groups that are likely to be affected by the policy or decision you want to implement? If so, what were their views and how have their views influenced your decision?                             |
|-----|---|
| 3.3 | If you have not consulted or engaged with communities that are likely to be affected by the policy or decision, give details about when you intend to carry out consultation or provide reasons for why you feel this is not necessary: |

### Section 4: Impact of policy or decision

Use this section to assess any potential impact on equality groups based on what you now know.

| Description of impact | Nature of impact Positive, neutral, adverse (explain why)   | Extent of impact<br>Low, medium, high<br>(use L, M or H) |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Age                   | Positive:   | М  |
| Disability            | <ul> <li>Increase dwelling numbers across the district.</li> </ul>  | М  |
|                       | New builds will be built to Lifetime Homes     Standard so will be adaptable to suit     occupier's needs.  | L  |
| Pregnancy/maternity   | All accessible (ground floor flats and Sheltered accommodation flats) without   | L  |
| Race                  | level access showers and are in need of   | L  |
| Religion/belief       | a replacement bathroom will be fitted with a graded floor shower as standard.   | L  |
| Sexual orientation    | <ul> <li>All existing adaptations that are fit for<br/>purpose will remain in place.</li> </ul>   | L  |
|                       | <ul> <li>Light fittings in bathrooms (when<br/>replaced) are LED type that requires no<br/>bulb replacement.</li> </ul>   |  |
|                       | <ul> <li>Blending valves are installed to all taps to<br/>avoid scalding.</li> </ul>  |  |
|                       | <ul> <li>Adaptations will be undertaken to properties to meet the reasonable needs of disabled tenants, based on assessments and recommendations from Social Services Occupational Therapists.</li> <li>Better quality housing (Decent Homes Standard) has a beneficial impact for physical and mental well-being. Reduces the chance of falling into 'fuel poverty'. Colder homes have a detrimental effect on a family's health and development.</li> </ul> |  |
|                       | Adverse: Temporary access restrictions and noise while homes are under development but will include methods to manage works to reduce impact.   |  |
|                       | Positive: With the increase of property numbers it enables Council tenants to downsize enabling larger families to be housed. Also enables families to stay in the community and provide support.   |  |
|                       | Positive: Improving services and housing within the community enables people from different backgrounds to form relationships with one another and improve social interaction. Breaks down barriers.  |  |
|                       | Neutral For households who cannot allow male workers - as restricted by their religion or belief the Council employs a Tenant Liaison Officer, who can attend whenever a resident feels uneasy or threatened.   |  |

|                            | The Council can arrange for a female Officer to attend in conjunction with a tradesman if needed.   |   |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Gender                     | Neutral  For households who cannot allow male workers   | L |
| Gender reassignment        | For households who cannot allow male workers - as restricted by their religion or belief the Council employs a Tenant Liaison Officer, who can attend | L |
| Marriage/civil partnership | whenever a resident feels uneasy or threatened. The Council can arrange for a female Officer to attend in conjunction with a tradesman if needed.     | L |

| Section 5: Conclusion |   |                                  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
|                       |   | Tick<br>Yes/No as<br>appropriate |  |  |  |
| 5.1                   | Does the EqIA in  | No 🗌                             |  |  |  |
|                       | Section 4 indicate that the policy or decision would have a medium or high adverse impact on one or more equality groups? | Yes 🗌                            | If 'YES', use the action plan at Section 6 to describe the adverse impacts and what mitigating actions you could put in place. |  |  |

| Section 6: Action plan to address and monitor adverse impacts  |  |                             |  |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--|
| What are the potential adverse impacts?  | What are the mitigating actions?   | Date they will be achieved. |  |
| Temporary access restrictions and construction noise during council house-building.  | To communicate with residents through-out the building process                       | Ongoing                     |  |
| Affordable rent – the most significantly impacted will tend to be those with lower incomes. They will be unlikely to afford the new affordable rent. | Affordable rent prices will be made clear to tenants when properties are advertised. | Ongoing                     |  |

| Section 7: Sign off I confirm that this initial analysis has been completed appropriately. (A typed signature is sufficient.) |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Signature of Head of Service: Alan Hall   |                 |
| Signature of person completing the EqIA: Mary Masterson   | 15 January 2018 |

#### Advice

Keep your director informed of all equality & diversity issues. We recommend that you forward a copy of every EqIA you undertake to the director responsible for the service area. Retain a copy of this EqIA for your records. If this EqIA relates to a continuing project, ensure this document is kept under review and updated, eg after a consultation has been undertaken.